

Case No: 2019-0297 Date of visit: 08/06/2019

Time spent on site: 3 Hrs Main Inspector:

Site No: FS1239 Site Name: Grampian
Business No: FB0544 Business Name: Scotland

Case Types: 1 DIA 2 3 4 5 6

Water Temp (°C): 12.8 Thermometer No: T154 FHI 045 completed

Observations: Region: GR Water type: B CoGP MA

Dead/weak/abnormally behaving fish present? Y If yes, see additional information/clinical score sheet.
Clinical signs of disease observed? Y If yes, see additional information/clinical score sheet.
Gross pathology observed? Y If yes, see additional information/clinical score sheet.
Diagnostic samples taken? Y

UNI/REG only - if unable to carry out intended visit detail reason below:

Additional Case Information:

One Atlantic salmon sampled from the Pit Slug Beat - NO574991. It was reported that 3 fish including the one sampled had been observed displaying similar signs. The first fish was released prior to the ghillie observing it and upon catching the second fish the angler informed the ghillie that it was the second they had observed that day.

Third fish was very active, being line caught at time of inspection. Fish was observed from river bank and displayed slight haemorrhaging along ventral surface. This fish was released due to not being moribund and appeared in good condition. No problems reported with water levels or temperatures.

Case no: Site No: Date of visit/
Sampling:

Priority samples: VI BA PA MG HI

Time sampling starts/ends: Inspector: VMD No.

Environmental conditions: 1 2 3 4 5

Summary samples HIST BA MG VI PA Total Samples

Add Fish/Pools - click

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Pool/Fish No | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fish nos | F1 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pool Group | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Species | SAL | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Average weight | ~6kg | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sex | Female | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water Type | FW | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Stock Origin | Wild - River Dee - Ballogie, Pit Slug Pool | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Facility No | N/A | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Additional comments:

Haemorrhaging along ventral surface and flank. Some erosion of adipose fin

Site No: FS1239

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Nature of non-compliance:

Action taken (FHI):

Non-compliance relevant to (delete): VirologyMolGen/Bacteriology/Histology/Parasitology

Dee District Salmon Fishery Board
River Office
Mill of Dinnet
Aboyne
Aberdeenshire
AB34 5LA

FISH HEALTH INSPECTORATE VISIT REPORT

SUMMARY FOR INFORMATION OF SITE OPERATOR

| | | | |
|--------------------|--------|----------------------|------------|
| BUSINESS No | FB0544 | DATE OF VISIT | 08/06/2019 |
| SITE No | FS1239 | SITE NAME | Grampian |
| INSPECTOR | | CASE No | 20190297 |

Section 1: Summary

Histopathology examination revealed mild myositis and mild inflammation likely associated with the presence of Nematode. Myxosporidiosis is likely incidental.

The vent sample had a light infestation of *Anasakis simplex*. No pathogens were identified from bacterial cultures, virology cell cultures or QPCR samples.

Please contact myself or the duty inspector should you require any further information, have any queries regarding this report or if any problems develop.

Section 2: Case Detail

Observations

The on-call inspector was contacted by the ghillies for the Pit Slug Beat (NO574991) on the River Dee. One fish had been caught and placed in a keep net. This was reported to be the second fish caught that day displaying similar symptoms.

The fish held in the keep net was sampled and upon examination displayed haemorrhaging to the flank, ventrum and base of fins. There was some erosion of the adipose fin and it also displayed slight inflammation of the vent. Internally the fish displayed petechial haemorrhaging to the liver.

Samples

Samples were collected from one fish according to the table below:

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| Fish number | Species | Origin |
|-------------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | Atlantic salmon | River Dee – Pit Slug Beat |

Results

Bacteriology: Kidney, gill, spleen and lesion material from fish one was inoculated onto appropriate media for the isolation of bacteria.

No significant bacteria were isolated.

Virology: Tissue samples were tested for segments of nucleic acid indicative of the presence of the pathogens specified below using real-time PCR (QPCR).

The samples tested negative for infectious haematopoietic necrosis virus (IHNV), infectious pancreatic necrosis virus (IPNV), infectious salmon anaemia virus (ISAV), piscine reovirus (PRV), piscine myocarditis virus (PMCV), salmonid alphavirus (SAV) and viral haemorrhagic septicemia virus (VHSV).

A general screen was conducted on tissue samples to test for the presence of viral pathogens by cell culture. The result of this test was negative.

Parasitology: A pectoral fin was collected to determine the presence of *Gyrodactylus salaris* using light microscopy and molecular techniques (PCR). No *G. salaris* parasites were detected in the samples examined.

The vent sample showed light infestation of *Anisakis simplex*

Histology: Tissue samples of skin and skeletal muscle, heart, pyloric caeca, pancreas, hind gut, liver, spleen and kidney taken from one fish. The tissue samples were fixed in 10% neutral buffered formalin.

Histopathological examination revealed the following:

Heart - No abnormalities detected (NAD)

Liver - No abnormalities detected

Pancreas - No abnormalities detected

Adipose tissue - No abnormalities detected

Kidney - Low intensity focal intratubular myxosporidiosis with early spore formation. Host response absent.

Intestine - Cestode parasites in the lumen. No host response. Anisakid parasites embedded in the intestinal wall. Limited host response.

Spleen - Serositis involving most of the spleen section examined. Some evidence of spread from specific point on the surface of the spleen. Eosinophils and possibly plasma cells present. The response could be associated with the presence of nematodes if present in the visceral cavity.

Skin and muscle - Several focal regions of epithelial loss associated with mild dermatitis affecting the upper layers just beneath the epidermis, including mild haemorrhaging. Musculature shows several foci of myofibrillar degeneration and multiple nuclei not restricted to the periphery of the cells. Some with associated inflammatory cell component. A single focus of infiltrating inflammation between myofibrils.

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Tel - 0131 244 3498 Fax - 0131 244 0944 Email - ms.fishhealth@gov.scot

Website - www.gov.scot/Topics/marine/science



Signed:

Date: 1706/2020

Fish Health Inspector

The Fish Health Inspectorate Service Charter detailing standards of service is available on the Marine Scotland website at www.gov.scot/Topics/marine/Fish-Shellfish/FHI/charter

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